

Specification

Liquid medium used for the enrichment of aerobic bacteria including *E. coli*, in cosmetic products with and without preservatives according to ISO standards.

Presentation

3 Prepared Bags /3 L
Bags
with: 3000 ± 10 ml

Packaging Details

1 box with 3 bags of 3L.
PVC plasticizer free sterile bag with: 1 vial stopper + 1 penetrable cap.
Dimensions: 23 x 32 cm. For use in food testing.

Shelf Life

16 months

Storage

8-25°C

Composition

Composition (g/l):

Tryptone.....	15.00
Soy peptone.....	5.00
Polysorbate 80.....	5.00
Dextrose.....	5.50
Sodium chloride.....	4.00
Lecithin.....	1.00
Triton® X-100.....	1.00
L-Cysteine HCl.....	0.70
Sodium sulfite.....	0.20

Description /Technique

Description:

Eugon LT 100 Broth is a general culture medium that allows the growth of aerobic, and microaerophilic bacteria. Some anaerobic microorganisms will grow, due to the low *Eh* potential generated by the cysteine and sodium sulfite components. The main use of this medium is for the total enumeration of microorganisms in cosmetic products by the Most Probable Number (MPN) method. The Triton® X-100 included in the formula enhances the release of microorganisms from the slack matrix of the cosmetic emulsion. Lecithin and polysorbate act as neutralizers of preservatives like quaternary ammonium compounds, phenol and aldehydes derivatives.

Technique:

A 1:10 dilution of the sample is prepared using directly Eugon broth if the sample is soluble in water. If the sample is non-water soluble, it must be emulsified with a suitable agent (e.g. Polysorbate 80). Once emulsified the sample is added to a suitable volume of Eugon broth (e.g. 1:10). If the sample is filterable it is recommended filtering it through a membrane filter with a nominal pore no greater than to 0,45 µm and washing it with defined volumes of water or diluent (Maximum Recovery Diluent). Immediately transfer the membrane to a suitable volume of the Eugon broth. The inoculated broth is incubated at 32,5 ± 2,5°C for 20-72 hours.

If enumeration by the MPN method is being carried out proceed as follows:

Prepare serial tenfold dilutions bank of the sample. Inoculate, incubate and enumerate as per the Most Probable Number Protocol. Carry out enumeration according to the appropriate tables in each case.

Inoculate according to final purpose, samples and validated methods.

Each Bag is intended for use with an automatic dispenser in laboratories requiring large volumes of broth media or diluent.

Discard any partially used bag to avoid contamination.

The bag has multiple connection points: 1 penetrable cap (injection port) latex-free polycarbonate, for any additive injection required.

And an injection (vial stopper) to connect to any standard equipment laboratory dosing with a connector.

Once completely empty, the bag can be disposed of along with normal plastic (PVC).

Quality control**Physical/Chemical control**

Color : Yellowish

pH: 7 ± 0.2 at 25°C

Microbiological control

Prepare tubes - Inoculate: Practical range 100±20 CFU; Min. 50 CFU (Productivity).

Microbiological control according to ISO 11133.

Aerobiosis. Incubation at 30-35°C. Reading at 18-72h

Microorganism**Growth***Escherichia coli* ATCC® 8739, WDCM 00012

Good

Salmonella typhimurium ATCC® 14028, WDCM 00031

Good

Bacillus subtilis ATCC® 6633, WDCM 00003

Good

Stph. aureus ATCC® 25923, WDCM 00034

Good

Stph. epidermidis ATCC® 12228, WDCM 00036

Good

Ps. aeruginosa ATCC® 27853, WDCM 00025

Good

Sterility Control

Incubation 48 hours at 30-35°C and 48 hours at 20-25°C: NO GROWTH

Check at 7 days after incubation in same conditions

Bibliography

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- ISO 16212 Standard (2017) Cosmetics - Microbiology - Enumeration of yeast and mould.
- ISO 21149 Standard (2017) Cosmetics - Microbiology - Enumeration and detection of aerobic mesophilic bacteria.
- ISO 21150 Standard (2015) Cosmetics - Microbiology - Detection of *Escherichia coli*.
- ISO 22717 Standard (2015) Cosmetics - Microbiology - Detection of *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*.
- ISO 22718 Standard (2015) . Cosmetics - Microbiology - Detection of *Staphylococcus aureus*.
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